Aganbegyan A.G., Moscow

Tatyana Zaslavskaya is a Scientist with a Big «S»

The paper is devoted to the scientific achievements reached by the member of RAS T.I. Zaslavskaya who created Novosibirsk school of economic sociology.

Economic sociology, Institute of Economics and Industrial Engineering SB RAS, Novosibirsk school of economic sociology, Russian Public Opinion Research Center

Bogomolova T.Yu., Novosibirsk

Tatiana Zaslavskaya's Novosibirsk School of Economic Sociology: the Phenomenon of the Place

The author tells the story of Tatiana Zaslavskaya, the founder and scientific leader of the Novosibirsk school of economic sociology, and outlines the main research directions and the characteristic features of the School today.

Economic sociology, Novosibirsk school of economic sociology, Tatiana Zaslavskaya

Shabanova M.A., Moscow

Using the Concept of Social Mechanisms the Analysis of Post-Communist Transformations

Reflecting on the value of T.I. Zaslavskaya's scientific heritage, author emphasizes her contribution to comprehension of the social mechanisms of economic processes and post-communist transformations.

Social mechanism, social transformation, transformational structure, transformational activity, actors of transformation, institutions, methodology

Kalugina Z.I., Novosibirsk

Agricultural Research of Novosibirsk School of Economic Sociology: Traditions and Innovations

The article considers the experience of the Novosibirsk School of Economic Sociology in the study of transformation processes in the Russian agricultural sector. It highlights of sociological monitoring of agrarian reforms and socio-economic impacts, the results of studies of new social phenomena and processes in rural areas, time budgets of the rural population, as well as socio-economic experiments.

Sociological monitoring, agrarian reform, transformation processes, the social mechanism

Goryachenko E.E., Mosienko N.L., Novosibirsk

City Agglomeration as Element of Social-Territorial Structure of Society

The main results of development of one of the areas of work of Novosibirsk economical-sociological school are presented in article – studying of city agglomeration as element of social-territorial structure of society. Prerequisites and barriers to development of city agglomerations are shown.

City agglomeration, Novosibirsk economical-sociological school, social-territorial structure, expert poll

Bogomolova T.Yu., Novosibirsk

From «Distribution According to Labor in Collective Farms» to the Studies of Socio-Economic in Equalities in the Globalizing Russian Society: the Line of the Novosibirsk School of Economic Sociology

The article traces the development of one research specialization of the Novosibirsk school of economic sociology – the studies of socio-economic inequalities. Key findings of the research on socio-economic stratification and mobility of the population conducted over the last thirty years are outlined, and the perspectives for further research are sketched.

Economic mobility, Novosibirsk school of economic sociology, social stratification, socio-economic inequality

Kuznetsov I.B., Utiralov O.A., Novosibirsk Novosibirsk in the World Production Chain

Two decades after the Russian reforms started, the issue to have their own niche within the national and world economies remains still urgent to Siberian machine builders. **Igor Kuznetsov**, the Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, founder and Chairman of the Board of Directors for the group of companies "Factor", and **Alexander Utiralov**, the Candidate of Engineering Sciences, Chairman of the Board of Directors for ZAO "Siberian Machine Builder", Director General for OAO "Sibelectroterm" tell Chief Editor V. Kryukov and E. Correspondent Veselova for "ECO" Journal (Novosibirsk) about how they see this issue and other urgent problems taken place in the economy of Siberia.

Machine builders, industrial policy, international cooperation, technological chain, market niche

Konoplyanik A.A., Moscow

US Shale Gas Revolution: Consequences are Irreversible

Active debate regarding preconditions, the character and consequences of "US shale gas revolution" continues. Some discussants do not put under question its very phenomenon, but do not believe in its global character and/or consequences referring to disappointment (resulted of unfulfilled overstated expectations?) in developing shale oil and gas resources somewhere else except the US. Others, including in our country, on the contrary, say that Russia and Gazprom have overslept this revolution and that we need immediately all together start in pursuit of developing shale resources in order not to lag behind other states. Let's have a closer look at the issue.

USA, shale revolution, international gas markets, world oil market, American phenomenon, domino effects

Ayriyants A.A, Kareva D.E., Morozova M.E., Onenko S.I., Prokhorova D.M., Savelieva A.D., Chernykh E.V., Novosibirsk

«Free cheese in a mousetrap» or «crippling curse»?

«Resource curse» — a phenomenon that leads countries with large reserves of raw materials to erroneous and unsustainable path of development. Phenomenon that baffles scientists and theorists, causes a huge amount of debate and controversy. But in fact, all the same whether it is a resource curse? Or is there some kind of «power from above», causing this phenomenon?

Resource curse, raw materials, oil, economic growth, democracy, authoritarianism, institutions, economic and political dependence, energy superpower

Kleandrov M.I., St. Petersburg

Court for a Small Business Economy

The article contains the analysis of the problematic issues that concern the inadequacy of current organizational and legal mechanisms of protection of rights and interests of small business owners. The author specifies certain means to improve the mentioned mechanisms by way of delegating jurisdiction over small-scale economic disputes to the Justice of the Peace system, its complete separation from federal judicial authorities inter alia in institutional aspect.

Small business owners, economic disputes, Justice of the Peace system, magistrates

Faltzman V.K., Moscow

The Priorities of the Structural Policy: Import Dependence, Import Substitution, Export Orientation of Innovative Industrial Products

This article describes some priorities of the government structural policy targeted at challenges that the President of Russia focused on in his Annual President's Message to the Federal Assembly of the Russian Federation, like accurate budget and resources priorities, supporting the non-oil export, developing the system of statistical assessment for the technological level of industries in order to have the full picture of competitiveness of the Russian economy.

Industrial structural policy, competitiveness of innovative products, exportorientedness, import-orientedness, import substitution

Brilevsky A.O., Minsk

Managing and Monitoring Freight by Vehicles Hired by Bakery Plants in Minsk

Many firms employ outsourced vehicles. The most sensitive issues of a lease are quality of services, prices, and reasonable control of the mileage and hours worked. The paper analyzes a range of problems characteristic of the customer-contractor relationship, offers a technique for registration of block-to-block hours based on an adaptive control procedure which involves the satellite-based transportation monitoring, and presents the results obtained by application this technique by the Minsk Bakery Plant (KUP "Minskkhlebprom").

Outsourced vehicles, satellite-based monitoring, tracker, planning, prices, registration, adaptive control